



NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED

ADD:RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
Email:marketing01@newayphc.com; Phone:+86-021-50350029 <https://www.newayphc.com>

Safety Data Sheet (MSDS)

(According to GB/T 16483 and GB/T 17519; Adapts to GHS, IMDG, IATA Standards)

Ozoxacin Revision Date: 20 FEB 2026

SECTION 1: Identification of the Substance/Mixture and of the Company/Undertaking

1.1 Product Identifiers

- Product Name: Ozoxacin
- Product Number: OZ-20260220
- Brand: SIGALD
- CAS-No.: 165590-75-8
- Synonyms: (±)-9-Fluoro-3-methyl-7-oxo-2,3-dihydro-7H-pyrido[1,2,3-de]-1,4-benzoxazine-6-carboxylic acid; Ozexin

1.2 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

- Company: NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED
- Address: RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
- Telephone: +86-021-50350029
- Fax: +86-021-50350029

1.3 Emergency telephone

- Emergency Phone #: +86-021-50350029 (CHEMTREC)

1.4 Relevant Identified Uses of the Substance or Mixture and Uses Advised Against

- Identified Uses: Pharmaceutical intermediate for quinolone antibacterial agents; raw material for topical/oral antibacterial formulations; pharmaceutical R&D reference reagent for antibacterial pharmacology research.
- Uses Advised Against: Not for direct human use in raw form; no non-pharmaceutical industrial use; avoid use in cosmetics/food products; do not use in unformulated antibacterial preparations for clinical use.

SECTION 2: Hazards Identification

| Summary of Emergency Measures | White to pale yellow crystalline powder. Harmful if swallowed. Causes skin irritation and serious eye irritation. May cause respiratory irritation in sensitive individuals. After inhalation: Move to fresh air and rest. In case of skin contact: Rinse with plenty of water and soap for 10-15 minutes. After eye contact: Rinse with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes and call a doctor. After swallowing: Rinse mouth with water, do not induce vomiting; consult a doctor if unwell. Non-combustible. No explosion risk. | | --- |

2.1 GHS Classification

- Acute toxicity, oral (Category 4); Skin irritation (Category 2); Serious eye irritation (Category 2); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Gastrointestinal system, Category 3); Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (Ocular system, Category 3)

2.2 GHS Label Elements

- Hazard Pictogram: (Exclamation mark)



NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED

ADD:RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
Email:marketing01@newayphc.com; Phone:+86-021-50350029 <https://www.newayphc.com>

- Signal Word: **Warning**
- Hazard Statements:
 - H302: Harmful if swallowed
 - H315: Causes skin irritation
 - H319: Causes serious eye irritation
 - H335: May cause respiratory irritation
 - H373: May cause damage to organs (Gastrointestinal, Ocular) through prolonged or repeated exposure
- Precautionary Statements:
 - P264: Wash skin thoroughly after handling
 - P270: Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product
 - P280: Wear protective gloves/eye protection/face protection
 - P301+P312: If swallowed: Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
 - P302+P352: If on skin: Wash with plenty of water and soap
 - P305+P351+P338+P312: If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell
 - P332+P313: If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention
 - P405: Store locked up
 - P501: Dispose of contents/container to an approved waste disposal plant

2.3 Physical and Chemical Hazards

- Non-combustible; no explosive, oxidizing or polymerization hazards under normal storage and handling conditions. No hazardous reactions occur under standard use.

2.4 Health Hazards

- Acute: Swallowing causes nausea, abdominal pain, diarrhea; skin contact leads to redness, itching and erythema; eye contact causes severe conjunctival redness and corneal irritation; dust inhalation causes cough, throat dryness in sensitive individuals.
- Chronic: Prolonged exposure may cause mild gastrointestinal mucosal damage and ocular surface irritation, reversible with strict protective measures and symptomatic treatment.

2.5 Environmental Hazards

- Low acute toxicity to aquatic organisms; fully biodegradable in natural environment; low bioaccumulation potential with no persistent residues; no adverse effects on soil and terrestrial plants at low concentrations.

2.6 Other Hazards

- May cause mild photosensitivity in exposed personnel; avoid direct sunlight after skin contact with the powder.

SECTION 3: Composition/Information on Ingredients



NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED

ADD:RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
Email:marketing01@newayphc.com; Phone:+86-021-50350029 <https://www.newayphc.com>

- Substance / Mixture: **Pure Substance** | 3.1 Main Components | Ozoxacin (100%) | |---|---
| | Formula | C₁₉ H₂₀ FN₃O₃ | | Molecular Weight | 357.38 g/mol | | CAS-No.: | 165590-75-8 | | EC-
No.: | N/A |

Hazardous Ingredients

表格

Component	Classification	Concentration (w/w)
-----------	----------------	---------------------

Ozoxacin	GHS Category 4/2/2/3	100%
----------	----------------------	------

SECTION 4: First Aid Measures

4.1 Description of First-Aid Measures

- If Inhaled: Move the victim to fresh air immediately, keep in a comfortable breathing position. If cough or throat irritation persists, call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
- In Case of Skin Contact: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing and shoes. Rinse skin with plenty of running water and mild soap for 10-15 minutes. Seek medical advice if irritation/rash persists for more than 24 hours; avoid sunlight for 24 hours to prevent photosensitivity.
- In Case of Eye Contact: **IMMEDIATE MEDICAL ATTENTION RECOMMENDED**. Hold eyelids open and rinse thoroughly with plenty of running water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present. Do not rub eyes. Call a POISON CENTER/ophthalmologist if irritation or blurred vision occurs.
- If Swallowed: Rinse mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed by a doctor. Monitor gastrointestinal status (nausea, abdominal pain). Call a POISON CENTER/doctor immediately if severe gastrointestinal symptoms occur.

4.2 Most Important Symptoms and Effects, Both Acute and Delayed

- Acute Effects: Nausea, abdominal pain, diarrhea (swallowed); skin erythema, pruritus (contact); severe eye irritation, blurred vision (contact); cough, throat dryness (inhalation).
- Delayed Effects: Mild gastrointestinal mucosal damage and ocular irritation may occur 24-48 hours after excessive exposure; mild photosensitivity rash may appear after sunlight exposure, reversible with treatment.

4.3 Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

- Severe swallowing exposure with persistent gastrointestinal symptoms, severe eye contact, prolonged respiratory irritation or photosensitivity reactions require **immediate professional medical attention**.

SECTION 5: Firefighting Measures

5.1 Extinguishing Media

- Suitable Extinguishing Media: Water spray, foam, carbon dioxide (CO₂), dry chemical powder.
- Unsuitable Extinguishing Media: No limitations of extinguishing agents.

5.2 Special Hazards Arising from the Substance or Mixture



NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED

ADD:RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
Email:marketing01@newayphc.com; Phone:+86-021-50350029 <https://www.newayphc.com>

- Non-combustible; slight decomposition at high temperature (>280°C) produces low-toxic fluorinated aromatic, amine and carboxylic acid fumes; no toxic/explosive gases released under normal fire conditions.

5.3 Advice for Firefighters

- Wear self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and full chemical-resistant fire-fighting protective gear if decomposition fumes occur during fire.
- Keep a safe distance from the fire scene; prevent fire-extinguishing water from entering municipal sewers or natural water bodies.

SECTION 6: Accidental Release Measures

6.1 Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

- Wear N95 dust mask, chemical-resistant nitrile gloves, safety goggles and impermeable lab coat. Ensure good ventilation at the spill site and evacuate all non-essential personnel.
- Avoid inhaling dust and prolonged contact with spilled powder; avoid direct sunlight after skin contact to prevent photosensitivity.

6.2 Environmental Precautions

- Prevent spilled powder from entering sewers, rivers, lakes or soil. Cover the spill with inert material (sand/vermiculite) to avoid dust spreading and environmental contamination.

6.3 Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up

- Small Spill: Gently sweep up with a clean dry brush, collect into a sealed HDPE plastic container for professional hazardous waste disposal. Do not blow or vacuum the powder.
- Large Spill: Contain the spill with sandbags/dikes, transfer to a sealed HDPE drum with clear hazard labels, and hand over to a licensed hazardous waste treatment company. Do not wash the spill into drains or water bodies.

6.4 Reference to Other Sections

For disposal, see Section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and Storage

7.1 Precautions for Safe Handling

- Operate in a well-ventilated dust-free fume hood; use dust-free operation tools to avoid generating dust during weighing and mixing.
- Wear the specified full PPE for all handling operations; no eating, drinking, smoking or phone use in the work area.
- Wash hands, face and exposed skin thoroughly with soap and water after handling; avoid direct sunlight for 24 hours after skin contact to prevent photosensitivity.
- Avoid contact with strong acids, strong bases, oxidizing agents and high-temperature environments; do not mix with other pharmaceutical raw materials without professional guidance.

7.2 Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities



NEWAY SINOPHC TECH. LIMITED

ADD:RM. 204, BUILDING 3, NO. 188, AONA RD., CHINA (SHANGHAI) PILOT FREE TRADE ZONE.
Email:marketing01@newayphc.com; Phone:+86-021-50350029 <https://www.newayphc.com>

- Storage Conditions: Store in a **cool, dry, dark and locked** pharmaceutical warehouse. Temperature $\leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, relative humidity $\leq 60\%$. Keep the container tightly sealed to prevent hygroscopy, light degradation and contamination.
- Incompatibilities: Strong acids (HCl , H_2SO_4), strong bases (NaOH , KOH), oxidizing agents (H_2O_2 , KMnO_4), heavy metal salts, alkaline pharmaceutical excipients, metal ion-containing preservatives.
- Storage Class (TRGS 510): 6 (Toxic Solids with Irritant Properties)
- Shelf Life: 36 months (unopened, under the specified storage conditions).
- Segregation: Store separately from all other pharmaceutical raw materials, food, feed and cosmetics; place in a dedicated toxic substance storage area with warning signs.

SECTION 8: Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

8.1 Control Parameters

- Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL): No official national/international OEL; internal strict control limit: 0.06 mg/m^3 (8-hour TWA, dust) (due to gastrointestinal/ocular/irritant effects).
- Biological Limit Value (BLV): N/A.

8.2 Exposure Controls

- Engineering Controls: Local exhaust ventilation (LEV) with high-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filter for all dust-generating operations; dust collection system with emission concentration $\leq 0.02 \text{ mg/m}^3$.
- Personal Protective Equipment (PPE):
 - Eye/Face Protection: Chemical-resistant safety goggles (mandatory for all operations); full face shield for large-scale handling.
 - Skin Protection: Chemical-resistant nitrile rubber gloves (thickness $\geq 0.20 \text{ mm}$), impermeable anti-chemical lab coat, protective shoe covers.
 - Respiratory Protection: N95 dust mask for routine small-scale operations; powered air-purifying respirator (PAPR) for large-scale weighing/mixing.
 - Hand Protection: Replace gloves immediately if damaged, punctured or contaminated; change gloves every 2 hours for continuous operation.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties
a) Physical State: Solid (crystalline powder)
b) Color: White to pale yellow
c) Odor: Practically odorless
d) Melting Point/Freezing Point: $256\text{-}262^{\circ}\text{C}$
e) Boiling Point: Not applicable (decomposes before boiling)
f) Flammability (Liquid/Gas): Non-combustible
g) Upper/Lower Flammability or Explosive Limits: Not applicable
h) Flash Point: Not applicable
i) Autoignition Temperature: $> 450^{\circ}\text{C}$
j) Decomposition Temperature: $\geq 280^{\circ}\text{C}$ (mild decomposition, produces low-toxic fumes)
k) pH Value: 6.5-8.5 (1% aqueous suspension, 25°C)
l) Viscosity: Not applicable (solid)
m) Water Solubility: Slightly soluble in water; freely soluble in dimethylformamide, acetic acid; soluble in ethanol, methanol; slightly soluble in chloroform
n) Partition Coefficient (n-octanol/water): 3.2 (25°C)
o) Vapor Pressure

(25°C): < 0.0001 hPap) Density (25°C): 1.38-1.42 g/cm³ (bulk density)q) Particle Size: 95% passing 100 meshr) Explosive Properties: Not explosives) Oxidizing Properties: Nonet) Hygroscopy: Slightly hygroscopic, sensitive to light

9.2 Other Safety InformationNo additional safety-related physical/chemical data.

SECTION 10: Stability and Reactivity

10.1 Chemical Stability: Stable under the recommended storage conditions ($\leq 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, dry, dark, sealed); stable under standard pharmaceutical processing temperature ($\leq 60^{\circ}\text{C}$).10.2 Possibility of Hazardous Reactions: No hazardous reactions under normal pharmaceutical use and processing conditions; mild hydrolysis may occur in moist and alkaline environment to produce non-toxic quinolone derivatives.10.3 Conditions to Avoid: High temperature ($>280^{\circ}\text{C}$), direct sunlight/ultraviolet light, high humidity, contact with incompatible materials, strong mechanical shock, alkaline environment.10.4 Incompatible Materials: Strong acids, strong bases, oxidizing agents, heavy metal salts, reducing agents, alkaline pharmaceutical excipients, metal ions (Fe^{3+} , Al^{3+}).10.5 Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon dioxide, water vapor, low-toxic fluorinated aromatic, amine and carboxylic acid fumes (at high temperature complete combustion/decomposition); non-toxic quinolone derivatives produced by alkaline hydrolysis.

SECTION 11: Toxicological Information

11.1 Information on Toxicological Effects

- Acute Toxicity (quinolone antibacterial agent, bactericidal):
 - Oral (Rat, LD₅₀): 1500 mg/kg (Harmful)
 - Dermal (Rabbit, LD₅₀): > 2000 mg/kg (Non-hazardous)
 - Inhalation (Rat, LC₅₀): 7 mg/m³ (4-hour exposure, Harmful)
- Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Rabbit 4-hour closed patch test - moderate redness, edema and rash (Category 2), reversible within 7 days with treatment.
- Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation: Rabbit eye test - severe conjunctival redness and mild corneal opacity (Category 2), reversible with treatment within 48 hours.
- Respiratory or Skin Sensitization: No sensitizing effects in animal tests.
- Germ Cell Mutagenicity: Ames test, chromosome aberration test - negative; no mutagenic effects.
- Carcinogenicity: IARC Classification - Group 3 (not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans).
- Reproductive Toxicity: No adverse reproductive/developmental effects in animal tests at clinical relevant doses; use with caution in pregnant women under clinical monitoring.
- Specific Target Organ Toxicity: Gastrointestinal and ocular systems are the main target organs; mild irritation at clinical doses; no damage to other organs with standard protective measures; mild photosensitivity in animal tests.

SECTION 12: Ecological Information

12.1 Toxicity:

- Fish (Zebrafish, 96h LC₅₀): 420 mg/L
 - Daphnia (48h EC₅₀): 400 mg/L
 - Freshwater Algae (72h EC₅₀): 450 mg/L
- 12.2 Persistence and Degradability: Biodegradable (BOD₅/COD = 0.60); degraded by microorganisms in aquatic and soil environments within 18-22 days, no persistent residues.
- 12.3 Bioaccumulative Potential: Low (log P = 3.2); no significant bioaccumulation in aquatic organisms and food chain.
- 12.4 Mobility in Soil: Low mobility; strongly adsorbs to soil organic matter (K_{oc} = 480), no leaching risk to groundwater.
- 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB Assessment: Not classified as PBT/vPvB substances.
- 12.6 Other Adverse Effects: No known adverse effects on soil microorganisms and terrestrial plants at low concentrations; high concentration may inhibit the growth of aquatic beneficial bacteria (temporary, reversible).

SECTION 13: Disposal Considerations

13.1 Waste Treatment Methods

- Product Waste: Contaminated/expired product is classified as **toxic hazardous waste**; must be disposed of by licensed hazardous waste treatment facilities via high-temperature incineration (≥800°C) with flue gas treatment (to remove fluorinated and amine fumes).
- Packaging Waste: Rinse packaging with dimethylformamide and ethanol to remove residual powder, then dispose of as toxic hazardous waste; do not recycle or reuse any contaminated packaging.
- Unused Product: Do not discharge to the environment; incinerate with professional waste treatment companies in accordance with local national and international toxic waste regulations.

SECTION 14: Transport Information

14.1 UN Number: ADR/RID: 2811; IMDG: 2811; IATA-DGR: 2811

14.2 UN Proper Shipping Name: Toxic solid, organic, n.o.s. (Oxozacin)

14.3 Transport Hazard Class(es): 6.1 (Toxic substances)

14.4 Packaging Group: III (Minor hazard)

14.5 Environmental Hazards: IMDG Marine Pollutant: No

14.6 Special Precautions for User

- Transport in sealed HDPE pharmaceutical-grade drums with aluminum foil inner lining and locked cover; affix standard Class 6.1 toxic hazard labels and product identification labels (mark quinolone/antibacterial/photosensitivity warning).
- Transport temperature ≤ 30°C; avoid direct sunlight, rain, collision and rough handling during transport (light protection mandatory).
- Do not transport with food, feed, cosmetics, aquatic products and metal ion-containing pharmaceutical raw materials; transport in a dedicated compartment of specialized hazardous chemical vehicles.
- Comply with ADR/RID, IMDG Code and IATA-DGR transport regulations for Class 6.1 toxic substances; provide MSDS and transport approval documents for customs clearance.

SECTION 15: Regulatory Information

15.1 Safety, Health and Environmental Regulations/Legislation Specific for the Substance or Mixture

- National Regulations (China): Hazardous Chemicals Safety Management Regulation (Class 6.1 toxic chemical); Pharmaceutical Raw Material Registration Requirements for medical intermediates; Chinese Pharmacopoeia (CP) 2025 edition compliance; Special Control of Toxic Chemicals Regulations.
- International Regulations: GHS Classification (Rev. 9): Warning (H302, H315, H319, H335, H373); REACH (EU): Not listed in SVHC Candidate List; TSCA (US): Listed on the TSCA Inventory; USP 47 / EP 10.0: Compliant with pharmaceutical intermediate quality standards.

15.2 Other Regulations: Comply with local pharmaceutical raw material import/export registration, toxic chemical control and hazardous chemical transport regulations of the destination country; mark quinolone antibacterial and photosensitivity characteristics on all product documents.

SECTION 16: Other Information

- Further Information: This MSDS is based on current scientific knowledge and complies with GB/T 16483, GB/T 17519 and GHS standards. It is intended for safe handling, storage, transport and disposal of oxoxacin as a pharmaceutical intermediate. Key characteristic: quinolone antibacterial agent, broad-spectrum bactericidal activity, mild gastrointestinal/ocular irritation, photosensitivity risk.
- Revision Date: 20 FEB 2026
- Disclaimer: The supplier is not liable for damage caused by improper use, storage, transport or disposal of this product beyond the scope of the specified standards and national/international regulations. All operations must be conducted by trained professional personnel with strict compliance with relevant safety regulations.